## Saskatchewan Association of Naturopathic Practitioners Policies and Procedures

# Consent to Treatment - Adopted April 5, 2009

In an effort to clarify compliance with consent/informed consent the Association has prepared the following information:

- 1. A summary of the key issues relating to the definition of consent/informed consent; and how it is to be obtained and recorded
- 2. A summary of the determination of capacity/incapacity as it relates to obtaining consent/informed consent
- 3. Recommended forms to be used for:
  - a. diagnostic consent
  - b. treatment consent

### 1. **Key Issues:**

CONSENT protects the right of informed choice and must be obtained for diagnostic procedures and/or treatments. Anything that is done for therapeutic, preventative, palliative, diagnostic, cosmetic, or health related purpose including course of treatment or plan of treatment.

#### Exceptions:

- taking a health history
- routine physical exam
- communication of an assessment for diagnosis
- emergency care including restraint or confining persons to prevent injury to self or others
- routine vital signs including blood pressure, heart rate, temperature
- first aid or temporary assistance such as stoppage of bleeding, immobilization of fracture or cryotherapy for injury
- a treatment that in the circumstances poses little or no risk of harm

CONSENT Must be obtained from patients who are deemed capable, 14 years of age or over or by a substitute decision maker who is 16 years of age or older.

#### Examples:

- Court appointed guardian
- Attorney with continuing power of attorney (POA)
- Attorney for personal care without POA
- Council appointed representative (Consent and Capacity Review Committee)
- Family member:
  - o spouse or partner (have co-habited for 1 yr. or more)
  - o child
  - o parent (who has right of access)
  - o brother or sister
  - o other relative; relative defined by blood, marriage or adoption
- Public Guardian or Trustee if no relatives, etc. are available or if there is a disagreement between relatives.

### **CONSENT**

- 1) No diagnosis or treatment is to occur without consent.
- 2) No consent is considered given unless it is INFORMED CONSENT.

3) No diagnosis or treatment unless you are of the opinion that the person is capable of understanding and has given consent or you are of the opinion that the person is incapable of giving consent and someone else has given consent in accordance with the Act.

#### VALID CONSENT

- 1) Must relate to specific diagnosis or procedure, treatment or plan of treatment
- 2) Must be informed
- 3) Must be given voluntarily
- 4) Must not be obtained through misrepresentation or fraud.

#### INFORMED CONSENT

- 1) Patient has received information about diagnosis and/or treatment, alternative courses of action, the material effects (costs), expected benefits, risks and side effects in each case, the consequences of not having the diagnosis and/or treatment and alternative courses of action available in each case.
- 2) Practitioner has responded to person's request to their satisfaction for other information about diagnosis and/or treatment, alternative courses of action, the material effects (costs), expected benefits, risks and side effects in each case, the consequences of not having the diagnosis and/or treatment, and alternative courses of action available in each case.

#### INFORMED CONSENT

- 1) May be expressed or implied as long as it complies with the above.
- 2) Written or verbal
- 3) Recommendation is to get written consent in all cases (see forms).
- 4) Covers a course of treatments or plan of treatment, and once given, is not required for each subsequent time, provided that any variations in the treatment, or the same treatment provided in a different setting does not change the terms of the original consent

#### WITHDRAWAL OF CONSENT

Patient or substitute decision maker/guardian has the right to withdraw consent at any time.

#### Determining Capacity and Incapacity

- 1) A health practitioner may presume that a person is capable with respect to treatment unless the health practitioner has reason to believe that the person may be incapable with respect to treatment. A health practitioner may have reason to believe a person may be incapable with respect to treatment based on the following observations:
  - (a) The person shows evidence of non-rational, confused or delusional thinking.
  - (b) The person's behaviour, action or means of communication suggest that he or she does not understand the information presented by the health practitioner.
  - (c) The person appears unable to decide about the treatment proposed.
  - (d) The person is experiencing shock or severe pain, fear or anxiety.
  - (e) The person appears to be impaired by alcohol or drugs.
  - (f) Any other observations which give rise to a concern about the person's capacity.
- 2) If a health practitioner believes that a person may be incapable with respect to the treatment, he or she shall apply the criteria set out in this section in order to form an opinion respecting the person's capacity. The health practitioner shall first apply the following criteria in order to determine whether, in his or her opinion the person is able to understand the information that is relevant to making a decision concerning treatment:
  - a. The person must demonstrate an understanding of:
    - i. the condition for which treatment is being proposed,

- ii. the nature of the proposed treatment,
- iii. the risks, side-effects and benefits of the treatment, and
- iv. the alternatives to the treatment presented by the health practitioner, including the alternative of not having treatment.
- b. If the health practitioner is of the opinion that the person is able to understand the information that is relevant to making a decision concerning treatment, the health practitioner shall apply the following criteria in order to determine whether, in his or her opinion, the person is able to appreciate the reasonably foreseeable consequences of a decision:
  - i. The person must be able to acknowledge the fact that the condition for which treatment is recommended may affect him or her.
  - ii. The person must be able to assess how the proposed treatment and alternatives to the treatment presented by the health practitioner, including the alternative of not having treatment, could affect the person's life or quality of life.
  - iii. The person's choice of treatment must not be substantially based on a delusional belief.
  - iv. In applying the criteria set out in this section, the health practitioner shall exercise his or her professional judgment.
- 3) In forming an opinion as to a person's capacity, the health practitioner shall take into consideration:
  - (a) the risk of harm to the person resulting from the proposed treatment or the treatment choice;
  - (b) the degree of intrusiveness of the proposed treatment of the treatment choice.
- 4) A health practitioner shall not determine that person is, in the health practitioner's opinion, incapable with respect to treatment based solely on:
  - c. the existence of a psychiatric or neurological diagnosis;
  - d. the existence of a physical disability, including a speech or hearing impairment;
  - e. a refusal of a proposed treatment that is contrary to the advice of the health practitioner of another person; or
  - f. the person's age.
- 5) When giving a person information about a treatment, the health practitioner shall use, to the best of his or her ability, a means of communication which takes the person's education, age, language, culture and special needs into account.

#### **INCAPACITY**

- 6) If a patient is deemed incapable, you must inform them verbally and in writing, and inform them that they are entitled to meet with a rights adviser. If a patient says they want to meet with a rights adviser, the practitioner will ensure this is done.
- 7) Forms for this purpose are available from the Ministry of Health. No treatment may be administered until consent is given by a substitute decision maker or rights adviser. The Council may review an incapacity decision and rule on it.

# APPENDIX A – Recommended form for obtaining Diagnostic Consent

Pt. Name	File No
Address	Phone No
City/Town	Attending N.D
Province	Assistant
RECOMMENDED DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDU - - - -	RE(S): (including those by referral to another practitioner):
-	
informed of and understand the recommended dia this and any requests for related information with office or clinical assistant(s). I further acknowledge the diagnostic procedure(s) with respect to the f effects; the likely consequences of not having the available to me. As a result, I do hereby voluntarily (circle one):	e), the undersigned, do hereby acknowledge that I have been agnostic procedure(s) and have discussed to my satisfaction at the naturopathic doctor named above and/or with his/her e and confirm that I have been informed of, and understand financial costs, expected benefits, potential risks and side a procedure(s), and what alternative course(s) of action are consent/ withhold my informed consent specified above. I also understand that I may change the ne.
Patient or Lawful Representative Signature	Date
Attending N.D./Assistant	
CHANGE TO INFORMED CONSENT	
I do hereby voluntarily (circle one) <b>consent/</b> for the recommended diagnostic procedure(s) a status of my voluntary informed consent at any times.	withhold/ withdraw my informed consent as specified above. I also understand that I may change the ne.
Patient or Lawful Representative Signature	Date
Attending N.D./Assistant	

# APPENDIX B – Recommended form for obtaining Therapeutic Procedure Consent

Pt. Name —————	File No
Address	Phone No
City/Town	Attending N.D
Province	Assistant
RECOMMENDED THERAPEUTIC PROCEDU	URE(S): (including those by referral to another practitioner)
informed of and understand the recommended satisfaction this and any requests for related inform with his/her office or clinical assistant(s). I further understand the therapeutic procedure(s)/plan with potential risks and side effects; the likely conseque what alternative course(s) of action are available to the area of the course of t	consent/ withhold my informed consent for as specified above. I also understand that I may change the
Patient or Lawful Representative Signature	Date
Attending N.D./Assistant	
CHANGE TO INFORMED CONSENT	
I do hereby voluntarily (circle one) <b>consent/</b> for the recommended therapeutic procedure(s)/pthe status of my voluntary informed consent at any	withhold/ withdraw my informed consent plan as specified above. I also understand that I may change y time.
Patient or Lawful Representative Signature	Date
Attending N.D./Assistant	